

Viral Filtration Efficiency (VFE) Final Report

Test Article: AFM015FLY
 AFM020FLY
 AFM025FMY
 AFM025UMY
 AFM025SMY

Laboratory Number: 802333
 Study Received Date: 04 Feb 2015
 Test Procedure(s): Standard Test Protocol (STP) Number: STP0007 Rev 11

Summary: The VFE test is performed to determine the filtration efficiency by comparing the upstream viral control counts to downstream test article counts. A suspension of bacteriophage ΦX174 was aerosolized using a nebulizer and delivered to the test article at a constant flow rate and challenge delivery. The challenge delivery is maintained at 2,200 ± 1,100 plaque forming units (PFU) with a mean particle size (MPS) at 3.0 μm ± 0.3 μm. The aerosol droplets were drawn through a six-stage, viable particle, Andersen sampler for collection. This method allows a reproducible challenge to be delivered to the test articles. The VFE test procedure was adapted from ASTM F2101-07.

All test method acceptance criteria were met. Testing was performed in compliance with US FDA good manufacturing practice (GMP) regulations 21 CFR Parts 210, 211 and 820.

Area Tested: ~45.6 cm²
 VFE Flow Rate: 28.3 Liters per minute (L/min)
 Conditioning Parameters: 85 ± 5% relative humidity (RH) and 21 ± 5°C for a minimum of 4 hours.

Results:

Test Article	Percent VFE (%)
AFM015FLY	99.5
AFM020FLY	99.6
AFM025FMY	99.2
AFM025UMY	99.8
AFM025SMY	99.3

Positive Control Average: 1,630 PFU
 Negative Monitor Count: <1 PFU
 MPS: 2.9 μm

The filtration efficiency percentages were calculated using the following equation:

$$\% VFE = \frac{C - T}{C} \times 100$$

C = Positive control average
 T = Plate count total recovered downstream of the test article
 Note: The plate count total is available upon request


 Technical Reviewer


 Study Director

Sarah Smit, B.S.



13 Feb 2015
 Study Completion Date